

## RELATIVISTIC MASS SHIFT CALCULATIONS WITH THE GRASP2K PACKAGE

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The tensorial form of the relativistic mass shift operator (RMS) to the lowest order in (m/M) [1,2] (in a.u.)

$$H_{MS} = \frac{1}{2M} \sum_{i,j}^N \left( \mathbf{p}_i \cdot \mathbf{p}_j - \frac{\alpha Z}{r_i} \left( \boldsymbol{\alpha}_i + \frac{(\boldsymbol{\alpha}_i \cdot \mathbf{r}_i) \mathbf{r}_i}{r_i^2} \right) \cdot \mathbf{p}_j \right)$$

is derived and is implemented in the GRASP2K package [3,4]. The inclusion of this relativistic operator allows to investigate more consistently mass shift effects in the full relativistic approach [5].

Calculations including single (S), double (D) and triple excitations (T) are performed for Li I (see Table). The new results are compared with the corresponding values obtained with the same relativistic wave functions and the uncorrected operator adopted in [6], and with the non relativistic Multiconfiguration Hartree-Fock results [7].

**Table.** Specific mass shift parameter  $S_{\text{SMS}}$  in a.u. for Li I for  $1s^2 2s \ ^2S_{1/2}$ .

AS <sub>n</sub>	SD		SDT		MCHF [7]
	OLD	NEW	OLD	NEW	
n=5	0.3010343291	0.3008225633	0.3013767853	0.3011648528	
n=6	0.3010361585	0.3008243666	0.3014579841	0.3012459847	
n=7	0.3019544951	0.3017423943	0.3024396569	0.3022273237	
n=8	0.3018617523	0.3016497153	0.3024115843	0.3021992791	
n=9	0.3017987398	0.3015867742	0.3023512554	0.3021390203	
n=10	0.3018561821	0.3016442119	0.3024141615	0.3022019200	0.30205339864
n=11	0.3018280421	0.3016160885			

Results for other levels and heavier systems will be presented to illustrate the interest of the present code extension.

### References

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